On board the 8.8. "Brussels," off Flushing, October 5, 1914. - To resume.

We got into Folkstone last Wednesday evening at sunset, and got through to London by eight-fifteen. All the latter part of the crossing we were spoken from time to time by British destroyers, which bobbed up from nowhere to warn of floating mines or give directions as to our course. The entrance to Dover was surrounded by destroyers, and looked grim and warlike, and what's more, businesslike.

Thursday morning I got up as late as I decently could and went down to the Embassy to find Shaler and Couchman waiting for me. They had been in London since Monday, but had not made much progress with their mission of getting food for Brussels. This was due to no lack of energy on their part, but to the general difficulty of getting attention for any matter at this time. I went with them to the Belgian Legation, and after a talk with the Belgian Minister, we got things started.

As the food was intended for the civil population of Brussels, it was necessary to get the Belgian Minister to secure from the Foreign Office permission to ship it through the blockade. He felt that he must have some instructions from the Government at Antwerp for his guidance in the matter, so I telegraphed at some length, with the result that he had ample instructions before the sun went down. The next day he made three or four calls at the Foreign Office and matters were got under way.

Shaler is buying the food and getting it ready for shipment, and now all that is holding things up is the actual permission to go ahead and ship. Shaler has had some talk on the general problems that confront us with Herbert Hoover, an

American mining engineer, who has given some very helpful ideas and may do more still.

Shaler and Couchman had an experience at Liège they did not particularly relish. They were pulled up by a Landsturm guard somewhere in Liège, taken to the Kommandantur, where it was discovered that they were carrying a number of messages of the "We-are-well-and-hope-you-are-the-same" variety. Without discussion they were pushed into cells and treated to talk that gave them little comfort. They spent the night in jail, but by some means contrived to get word to the Consul, who arrived and delivered them before breakfast. It evidently grieved the Germans that they could not take these two out and shoot them, but they yielded with a bad grace and turned them loose to hasten to the Consul's breakfast table.

GIBSON, Hugh (Secretary of the American Legation in Brussels, 1914); *A journal from our Legation in Belgium*; New York; Doubleday, Page & Company Garden City; 1917:

http://net.lib.byu.edu/~rdh7/wwi/memoir/Legation/GibsonTC.htm

Footnotes.

It would be interesting compare with what **Roberto J. Payró** told about the same day in his *Diario de un testigo* (*La guerra vista desde Bruselas*): Original Spanish version:

http://idesetautres.be/upload/191411-

12%20PAYRO%20MONSIEUR%20DAGIMONT%20CORR EO%20SOLDADITO%20BELGA.pdf

 $\frac{http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141001\%20PAYRO\%20DIARIO\%20DE\%20U}{N\%20TESTIGO.pdf}$

http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141002%20PAYRO%20DIARIO%20DE%20UN%20TESTIGO.pdf

http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141003%20PAYRO%20DIARIO%20DE%20UN%20TESTIGO.pdf

http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141004%20PAYRO%20DIARIO%20DE%20UN%20TESTIGO.pdf

http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141004%20PAYRO%20DOS%20REPRESENT ANTES%20ARGENTINOS%20MUERTOS%20EN%20LA%20GUERRA.pdf http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141005%20PAYRO%20DIARIO%20DE%20U N%20TESTIGO.pdf

French version:

http://idesetautres.be/upload/191411-

12%20PAYRO%20MONSIEUR%20DAGIMONT%20CORR

EO% 20SOLDADITO% 20BELGA% 20FR.pdf

http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141001%20PAYRO%20DIARIO%20DE%20UN%20TESTIGO%20FR.pdf

http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141002%20PAYRO%20DIARIO%20DE%20UN%20TESTIGO%20FR.pdf

 $\frac{http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141003\%20PAYRO\%20DIARIO\%20DE\%20U}{N\%20TESTIGO\%20FR.pdf}$

http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141004%20PAYRO%20DIARIO%20DE%20U N%20TESTIGO%20FR.pdf

http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141004%20PAYRO%20DOS%20REPRESENTANTES%20A RGENTINOS%20MUERTOS%20EN%20LA%20GUERRA%20FR.pdf http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141005%20PAYRO%20DIARIO%20DE%20U

Letter from Adolphe MAX:

N%20TESTIGO%20FR.pdf

 $\frac{http://idesetautres.be/upload/19141005\%20ADOLPHE\%20MAX\%20LETTRE}{\%20CAPTIVITE\%20NAMUR.pdf}$

It would be also interesting compare with what **Paul MAX** (cousin of the bourgmestre **Adolphe MAX**) told about the same day in his **Journal de guerre** (Notes d'un Bruxellois pendant l'Occupation 1914-1918):

http://www.museedelavilledebruxelles.be/fileadmin/user_upload/publications/Fichier_PDF/Fonte/Journal_de%2

Oguerre de Paul Max bdef.pdf